Do Now (2 minutes)

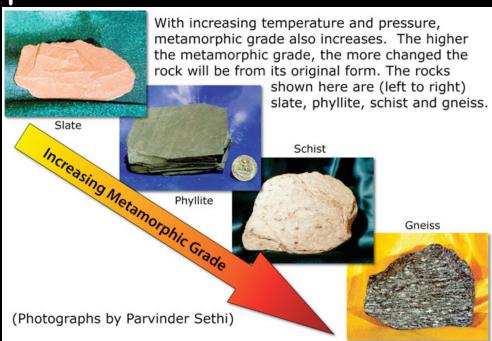
3/19

K	W
What I know about	What I want to find out
Metamorphic Rocks	about Metamorphic Rocks
2	2.
3.	3.

2:00

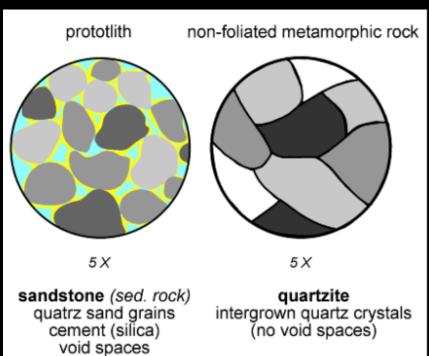
What are metamorphic rocks and how do we classify them?

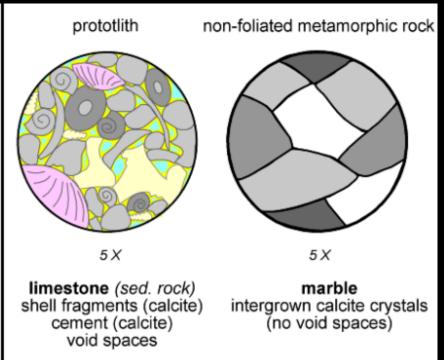
- Metamorphic Rocks parent rocks that have been altered by increases in temperature and pressure
- Parent Rock preexisting rock from which metamorphic rocks are formed



- Heat
- Rock expands when heated causing the atoms to break apart and move freely
- As temperature decreases atoms join with other atoms to form different compounds
- The result is a structural and chemical change
- They do not melt, they \_\_\_\_\_
   when exposed to heat

#### Heat

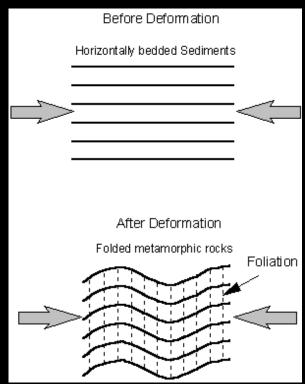




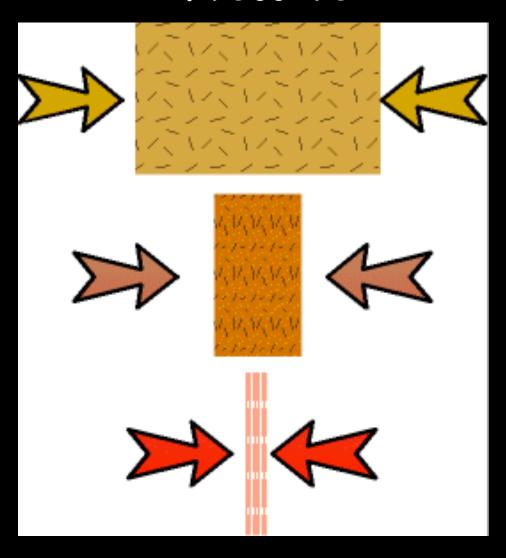
#### Pressure

 Under extreme pressure at great depths inside the Earth, atoms bonds are broken and rearranged into a denser and more compact structure

PRESSURE



Pressure



Methods to classify metamorphic rocks:



#### Earth Science Reference Tables

#### Scheme for Metamorphic Rock Identification

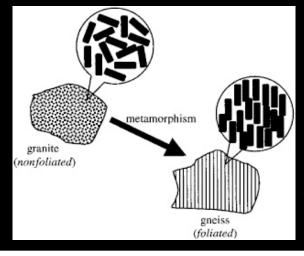
TE	XTURE	GRAIN SIZE	С	ОМР	os	ITIC	ON	TYPE OF METAMORPHI	SM	COMMENTS	ROCK NAME	MAP SYMBOL
Q	.5	Fine						Regional		Low-grade metamorphism of shale	Slate	
FOLIATED	MINERAL ALIGNMENT	Fine to						(Heat and pressure increases)		Foliation surfaces shiny from microscopic mica crystals	Phyllite	
	T ≥ Z   medium	MICA	QUARTZ	AMPHIBOLE	GARNET	RNET			Platy mica crystals visible from metamorphism of clay or feldspars	Schist		
	BAND- ING	Medium to coarse			7	8	PYROXENE		,	High-grade metamorphism; mineral types segregated into bands	Gneiss	
		Fine		Ca	ırbo	on		Regional		Metamorphism of bituminous coal	Anthracite coal	
	ŒD	Fine		Va mir				Contact (heat)		Various rocks changed by heat from nearby magma/lava	Hornfels	4 4 T H 5 H H 5 T A A
	NONFOLIATED	Fine		Qι	Quartz					Metamorphism of quartz sandstone	Quartzite	
	N O	to coarse	С			cite and/or dolomite		Regional or		Metamorphism of limestone or dolostone	Marble	
		Coarse		Va mir	rio					Pebbles may be distorted or stretched	Metaconglomerate	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

#### 1. Texture

- Texture the general appearance of the rock
- Foliation when minerals rearrange in flat layers due to extreme pressure
- Banding type of foliation where pressure separates minerals into alternating light and dark

layers







Gneiss has banded foliation



Granite (Igneous)



Gneiss

Gneiss has banded foliation













Slate has banded foliation





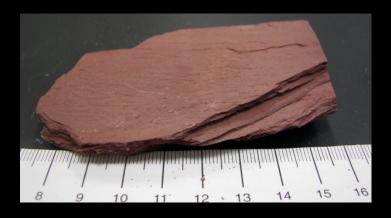
Shale (Sedimentary)



Slate











#### Slate





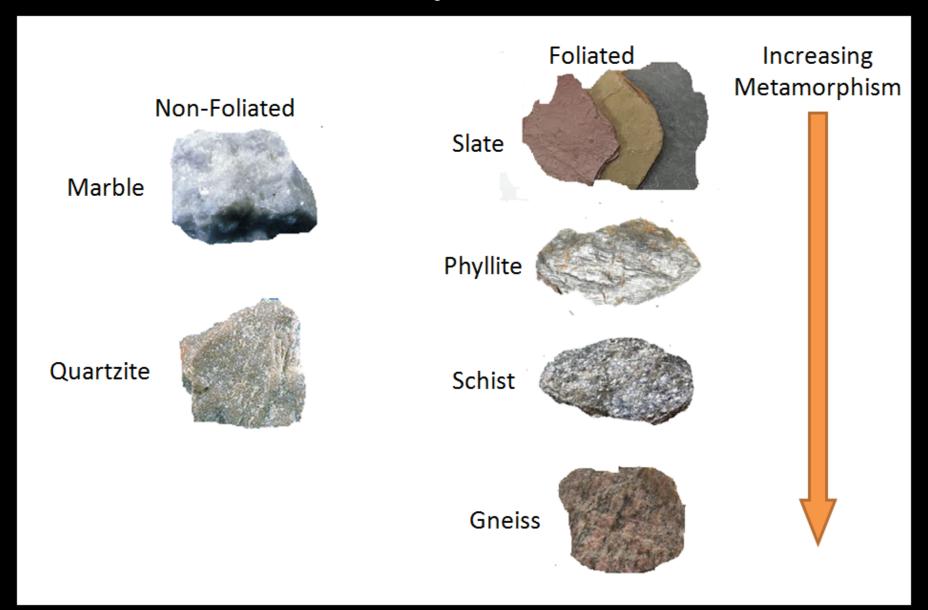




Schist has banded foliation







Texture

 Non-foliated – when minerals rearrange and change form, but do not form layers

Sandstone



Quartzite





Quartzite has no foliation (layers)





#### Quartzite



Texture

Marble has no foliation (layers)

Limestone



Marble





Marble





#### Unfinished Marble

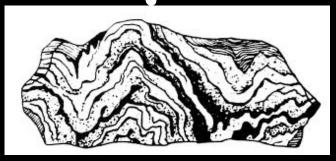


Finished Marble



Foliated, Banding or Non Foliated?





Distorted Structure



Curving and folding of the foliation (bands)

#### Earth Science Reference Tables

#### Scheme for Metamorphic Rock Identification

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Q	L,	Fine						Regional		Low-grade metamorphism of shale	Slate	
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	AL	medium	MICA	QUARTZ	LUSPAN	AMPHIBOLE	. NE			Platy mica crystals visible from metamorphism of clay or feldspars	Schist	
	BAND- ING	Medium to coarse				AM	PYROXENE	,	ļ —	High-grade metamorphism; mineral types segregated into bands	Gneiss	
		Fine		Ca	arb	on		Regional		Metamorphism of bituminous coal	Anthracite coal	
	ED	Fine				us als		Contact (heat)		Various rocks changed by heat from nearby magma/lava	Hornfels	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	NONFOLIATED	Fine		Qı	Quartz					Metamorphism of quartz sandstone	Quartzite	
	ON .	to coarse	С		alcite and/or dolomite			Regional or		Metamorphism of limestone or dolostone	Marble	
		Coarse				us rals				Pebbles may be distorted or stretched	Metaconglomerate	0.00 10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

#### 2. Grain Size

Grain Size - size of the individual grains in the rock





2. Grain Size



Medium Grained Schist



Coarse Grained Metaconglomerate

#### Earth Science Reference Tables

#### Scheme for Metamorphic Rock Identification

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	NONFOLIATED	Fine		Qı	Quartz					Metamorphism of quartz sandstone	Quartzite	
	ON .	to coarse	С		alcite and/or dolomite			Regional or		Metamorphism of limestone or dolostone	Marble	
		Coarse				us rals				Pebbles may be distorted or stretched	Metaconglomerate	0.0010 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

#### 3. Composition

Composition – the minerals that make up the rock









3. Composition





Composition: Calcite Rock: Marble

Composition: Mica Rock: Slate

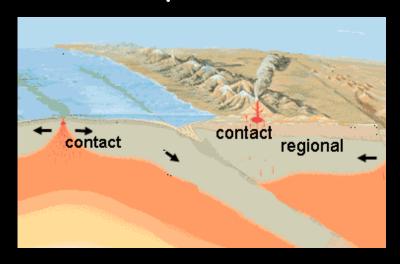
#### Earth Science Reference Tables

#### Scheme for Metamorphic Rock Identification

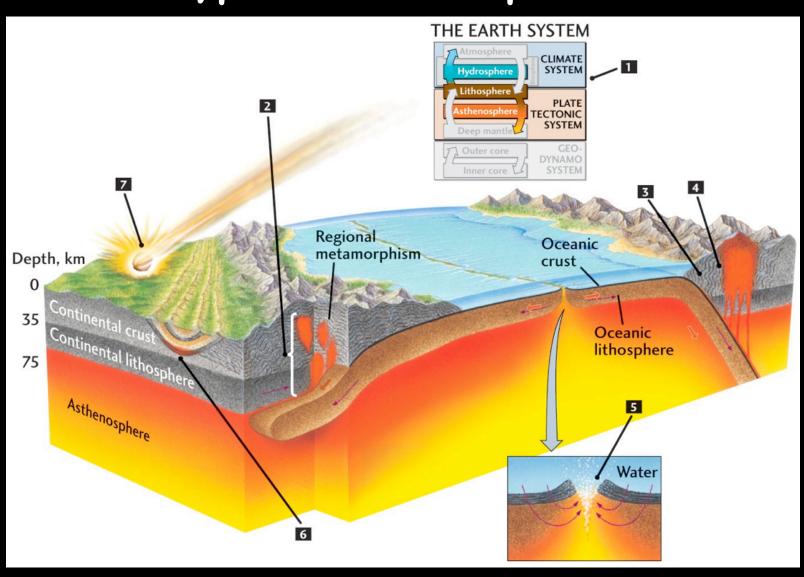
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		Coarse				us rals				Pebbles may be distorted or stretched	Metaconglomerate	0.0010 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

#### 4. Type of Metamorphism

- Regional Metamorphism process in which metamorphic rocks are formed over large areas due to temperature and pressure increases
  - Most metamorphic rocks form regionally under a mountain or deep inside the Earth

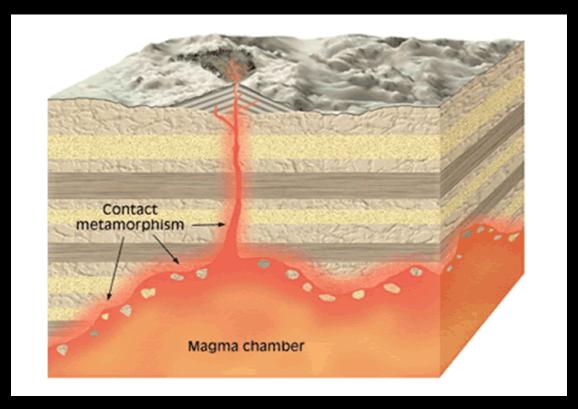


#### Type of Metamorphism



Type of Metamorphism

 Contact Metamorphism - process in which preexisting rock changes when heat from magma or lava rearranges the minerals



#### Earth Science Reference Tables

#### Scheme for Metamorphic Rock Identification

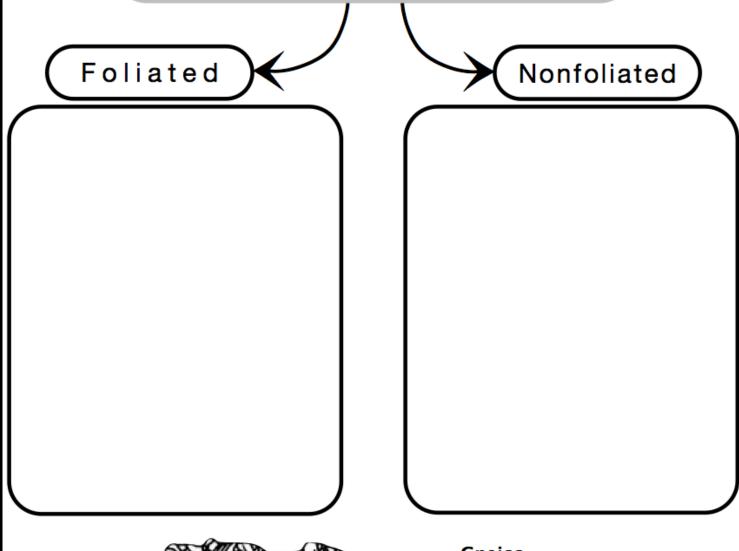
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- Earth Science Reference Tables
- Texture
- Grain Size
- Composition
- Map Symbol
- Type of Metamorphism

### Metamorphic Rocks Review

Inside the earth, existing rocks n	may be exposed to								
This heat and pressure rocks, changing them into something new.									
	ing new.								
The result is a									
<b>•</b>	occurs when rocks are								
burned (but not melted) by nearb	y magma.								
occurs when the									
occurs when the Earth rust shifts, causing intense pressure, squeezing rocks.									

#### METAMORPHIC ROCKS





#### Gneiss

Intense pressure of regional metamorphism causes the minerals to align. The result is a banded appearance.



THE UNDERSTANDABLY LESS POPULAR
GEOLOGY VERSION OF ROCK-PAPER-SCISSORS,
ROCK-ROCK-ROCK.

#### I know a rock is metamorphic if:

- I. I see bands of light and dark minerals
- 2. I see distorted / folded, foliated structure
- 3. I see foliated "layers" of platey, flakey minerals like mica
- 4. I see a very hard, resistant, uniform, and weathered quartzy boulder

# Metamorphic Rocks Lab 3: Classifying Metamorphic Rocks



1. Red Slate





2. Grey Slate





3. Phyllite

8. Hornfels



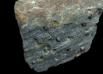


4. Schist



9. Quartzite



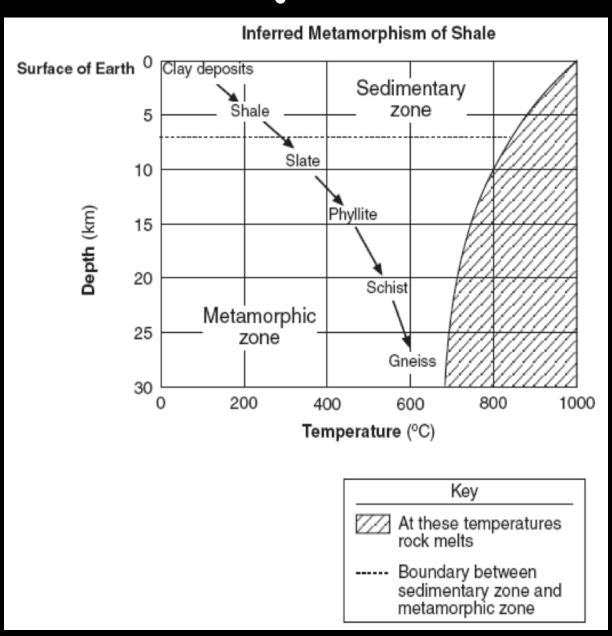


5. Garnetiferous Schist

11. Metaconglomerate

Use Pencil, Due at the end of class!
Metamorphic Rock Quiz Friday
\*\*\*Absolutely, NO FOOD OR DRINK\*\*
Finish Homework Packet when done!

and/or ninerals se, hard	Smooth, fine, looks like shale but is more dense, solid Shows 'slatey cleavage'	Greyish Black	SLATE
y minerals and/or and dark minerals and/or dense, hard	Shiny surfaces, distorted 'layers' visible on sides	Grey/Greenish/Black	PHYLLITE
of platey minor light and dand/or x-tals and/o quartz	Individual mica x-tals visible, shiny on surface, distorted 'layers' visible on sides	Silvery gray, brown	SCHIST
Distorted layers of plateralteral bands of light and/or and/or interlocking calcite x-tals quartz	Clear banding of light and dark colored minerals. Very 'solid'	White to Black	GNEISS
Distorted la Iternating b iterlocking o	Interlocking x-tals of calcite Looks 'frosty' or 'sugary'	Usually light	MARBLE
Dist alteri interl	Very hard, resistant. Weathered surfaces often very smooth, fractured surfaces very fine grained	Variable	QUARTZITE



#### Earth Science Reference Tables

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